

- Origins in anthropology: 'rites of passage'
- Developmental psychology: akin to adolescence
- Education: linked with cognitive and ontological transformation (threshold concepts;
 Meyer and Land 2003)
- In order to progress through a transformative (troublesome) stage, the subject (student)
 must experience liminality

Threshold Concepts

"[a concept] without which the learner finds it difficult to progress within the curriculum" (Meyer and Land, 2003)

transformative

fundamentally alters the way in which a student thinks and practices

irreversible

once grasped, it cannot be easily unlearned

troublesome

- may sit uncomfortably with previous knowledge/understanding
- may require the student to 'un-do' previously acquired misconceptions
- requires accommodation of new ideas/processes



Liminality – potential rewards?

Mimics the uncertainty experienced by professionals in real-world vocations

The reward for the student who successfully traverses liminality is:

- Mastery of the subject (Threshold Concepts)
- Irreversible cognitive change (Threshold Concepts)
- Positive shift in identify and self-belief
 (Communities of Practice; Lave and Wenger, 1991)
- A sense of pride, of a challenge overcome

Authenticity – what is it?

- Difficult to define!
- Used in marketing (and terrible inspirational quotes "be your true authentic self" etc.)
- In education, broadly synonymous with "real, genuine", etc.
- More narrow definition for learning tasks (e.g. Herrington, 2006)

Students were asked for the first word that came to mind when asked to think about <u>authentic learning</u>:



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Authenticity in learning tasks – potential rewards

Authentic learning tasks:

- 1. have real-world relevance
- 2. are ill-defined
- 3. comprise complex problems, investigated over a sustained period of time
- 4. can be examined from different perspectives
- 5. should be collaborative
- 6. should be reflective
- 7. can be integrated and applied across different subject areas
- 8. are integrated with assessment
- 9. create polished products valuable in their own right
- 10. allow for competing solutions and diversity of outcome

(Herrington, 2006; p.5)

<u>Underlined = promotes liminality (troublesome transformation, struggle, discomfort)</u>

Potential drawbacks

Liminality

- Liminality is uncomfortable, a struggle: "a suspended state of partial understanding, or 'stuck place'..." (Land et al. 2010)
- Experiencing too much liminality can be detrimental to the student
- Too much discomfort = a dissatisfied student
- What happens if the liminal phase is never fully traversed?
 - Becomes a barrier to learning
 - Results in mimicry
 - Results in surface learning

Authenticity

- Can be difficult to achieve in the relatively contrived environment of the classroom
- Designing authentic learning tasks is difficult/time-consuming for the teacher
- Can be difficult to assess
- What happens if a task is too authentic?
 Gives the student too much responsibility
 Doesn't promote learning

Authentic (+ liminal) learning tasks in Geosciences

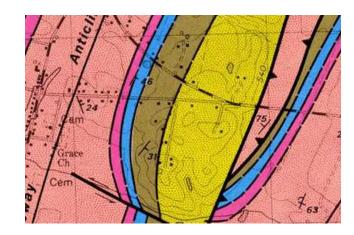
- Problem-based learning
 - Set a scenario, students must "solve it"
 - Business simulation exercises
 - Synthesis exercises (Earth Science project)
 - Independent fieldwork



Independent mapping as an authentic learning task

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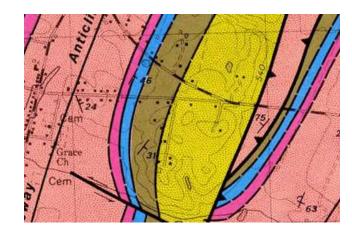




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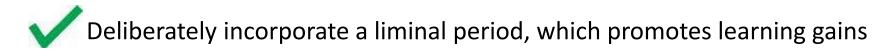
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Insights...

Authentic learning tasks:



- Mimic the competencies demanded of professional practitioners
- Transform student understanding of the subject, and perhaps even their perception of themselves
- X Can be difficult to design, teach and assess
- Can be resource-intensive (time, staff-input, money)

Shouldn't be avoided just to boost short term student satisfaction: discomfort (liminality) is necessary for transformative learning

Liminality, authenticity and teaching excellence

Excellent teaching could mean:

- Designing challenging, 'authentic' learning tasks for our students
- Deliberately incorporating liminality into learning tasks (e.g. less structured, more time to complete)
- Giving them the physical and mental space to navigate the resultant 'fog' themselves





References

Herrington, J. 2006. Authentic e-learning in higher education: design principles for authentic learning environments and tasks. Keynote address, World Conference on E-learning in Corporate, Government, Healthcare and Higher Education, Chesapeake, Vancouver.

Land, R., Meyer, J.H.F. and Baillie, C. 2010. Editors' Preface: Threshold Concepts and Transformational Learning. In Meyer, J.H.F., Land, R., and Baillie, C., eds., Threshold Concepts and Transformational Learning. Sense Publishers, Rotterdam, p. ix-xlii.

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Meyer J. and Land R. (2003). Threshold Concepts and Troublesome Knowledge: linkages to ways of thinking and practising within the disciplines. *ETL Project Occasional Report 4*, Edinburgh.